



## COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Simulation techniques [S2EiT1>SC]

### Course

Field of study

Electronics and Telecommunications

Year/Semester

1/1

Area of study (specialization)

–

Profile of study

general academic

Level of study

second-cycle

Course offered in

Polish

Form of study

full-time

Requirements

compulsory

### Number of hours

Lecture

15

Laboratory classes

0

Other

0

Tutorials

15

Projects/seminars

0

### Number of credit points

2,00

### Coordinators

dr inż. Paweł Sroka

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### Lecturers

### Prerequisites

Student starting this course should have knowledge in probability theory, stochastic processes and statistics. Moreover, basic knowledge of telecommunication systems, and knowledge and skills in object-oriented programming (in languages such as: C++ or C#) are needed.

### Course objective

The aim of this course is to teach a student about basic techniques of computer-aided simulations. Main focus of this course is put on the event-driven simulation techniques and their implementation using object-oriented programming and the analysis of simulation results.

### Course-related learning outcomes

none

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

The knowledge acquired in the lectures is verified in form of a written or oral exam. The written exam

comprises 5-8 open-ended questions that are graded (with points) differently. The written exam is passed if at least 45% of the total score is obtained. The oral exam relies on student's answer to at least three questions about topics indicated to students during the lectures, with the evaluation taking into account the overall understanding of the problem and the completeness of the answer. The oral exam is passed if more than 50% of the answers are evaluated as sufficient.

The abilities acquired during the tutorials are verified with development of a project that is an implementation of a computer-aided simulation for a stated problem. The simulation project is broken into several stages, with each stage discussed and evaluated individually. The final grade depends on the evaluation of the stages as well as the discussion on the full integrated project and the results.

## Programme content

The course introduces the following topics:

- Basic information about purpose and types of computer-aided simulation.
- Methods of discrete-event simulation.
- Data structures used in simulations.
- Generation of pseudorandom sequences.
- Collecting and analysis of simulation results using statistical processing.

## Course topics

Lectures comprise the following topics:

- Basic information about purpose and types of computer-aided simulation.
- Methods of discrete-event simulation.
- Simulation time management and data structures used for this purpose (lists and heaps).
- Generation of pseudorandom sequences and validation of the generated sets (statistical testing).
- Collecting and analysis of simulation results including basic data structures, statistical processing and obtaining statistical independence of results.

In tutorials the following topics are taught:

- Design of a simulation experiment - identification and implementation (using object-oriented programming) of events and significant entities.
- Implementation of selected discrete-event simulation methods.
- Efficient implementation of reliable pseudorandom number generators.
- Development of data structures used in simulation to collect results.
- Statistical processing of results: removing of transient phase impact, calculation of confidence intervals.

## Teaching methods

Lecture: multimedia presentation supported with additional exercises/examples solved on a board.

Tutorials: project development - a student develops a simulation tool for a given problem using object-oriented programming. Each student prepares an individual version of the project including different methodology and assumptions.

## Bibliography

Basic:

1. J. Tyszer, Object-oriented computer simulation of discrete-event systems, Kluwer Academic Publishers, New York, 1999.

Additional:

1. J. Banks, J.C. Carson, B.L. Nelson, D.M. Nicol, Discrete-event system simulation, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2010.

2. A.M. Law, W.D. Kelton, Simulation modeling and analysis, McGraw Hill, Boston, 2000.

## Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	51	2,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	31	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	20	0,00